

POST-OP | Breast Implant Removal

(310)400-6180

concierge@perkplasticsurgery.com

"What will I see when I look into a mirror?"

You will either have small strips over your incision or a clear purple glue (dermabond). A non-stick gauze and tegaderm (dressing) will cover the incision. A white fluffed gauze will be held in position with ace bandage.

A small amount of dry blood on the dressing is normal.

Please leave all the dressings in place until seen in the office.

"How will my breasts feel?"

Your breasts will feel swollen and tight and may appear mildly bruised.

The breasts will gradually soften but will not take their final shape for months after your surgery.

The bruising will last about two weeks.

Sensations like numbness, sharpness and burning are common during the healing process. These sensations may last several weeks and will gradually disappear. Some numbness may be permanent.

"When can I shower or take a bath?"

You can sponge bathe your lower body the same night. Please leave the dressings in place until seen in the office.

You may shower after your dressings have been removed by the office. Avoid using very hot water. Your breasts will be tender, so wash this area gently and pat dry with a clean towel.

Soaking in a tub is not permitted until 2 weeks after the surgery.

Do not rub the incisions; rather allow the water to flow over the incisions.

"Should I wear a bra?"

For your comfort, we recommend that you wear the post-surgical bra provided to you or a soft sports bra with a front zipper. Do not wear a bra with underwire for four weeks after surgery.

"What can I do after surgery?"

While resting, keep your head and shoulders elevated on at least 2 pillows for the first 24 hours.

Gentle walking is encouraged. Avoid heavy and strenuous exercise for 4 weeks. You can resume all of your normal activities about 4 weeks after surgery.

For the first 48 hours keep your arm movements to a minimum. Your arms should not be used to support your body or to lift anything heavy.

You should "take it easy" for several days following the surgery and gradually increase your activity as you feel more comfortable.



"When can I drive?"

You should never drive if you are still taking any pain medication other than Tylenol.

"When will I be able to return to work?"

If your job does not require heavy activity, you should be able to go back in one to two weeks.

"How much pain will I have?"

The most discomfort that you will have lasts 7-10 days, sometimes a little longer. As you feel more comfortable, your need for medication will be less.

"What should I eat after surgery?"

A light diet is best for the day of surgery. Begin by taking liquids slowly and progress to soups or jello. You may start a regular diet, high in protein, the next day.

If you have pain or discomfort, take the pain medication every 3-4 hours.

"What medications should I use?"

<u>Pain medication</u>: I will prescribe a pain medication for you. Follow the directions on the bottle for their use. The pain medication will make you feel drowsy. Have someone assist you in your home and do not attempt to drive while you are taking the pain medication.

- A few days after surgery most women will find that Tylenol will take care of the discomfort.
 - Do not use aspirin for five days after the surgery.
 - It is best to take pain medication with crackers, jello, etc.
 - If you have no pain, do not take the medication.
 - Alcohol and pain medication should not be taken together.

<u>Antibiotic:</u> You will be given an antibiotic. Please follow the instructions from your pharmacist or that are written on the packaging.

<u>Stool softener:</u> Narcotic pain medications can sometimes cause constipation. An over-the-counter stool softener (Colace) is recommended if you are prone to this.

- Prune juice mixed with 7-Up (half and half) for mild constipation
- If severely constipated use Miralax first as it is a mild but effective laxative, Phillips Milk of Magnesia, and fleet enemas (regular or oil retention) as a last resort.

<u>Anti-nausea medication</u>: Some nausea is normal in the first 24-48 hours following surgery. If you are nauseated, please take the anti-nausea medication.

You may have additional medications.



"Can I drink alcohol?"

Do not drink alcohol while taking narcotic pain medication after your surgery.

"When will I be seen in the office after surgery?"

You will normally be seen in the office within one week of your surgery.

"Should I apply anything to the incisions to help make it scar better?"

Do not apply anything to the incisions while the dermabond is still on or if there are any open wounds. After all incisions have healed, we will give you instructions on how to improve the scar appearance.

"How will I know if I am having a problem?"

I NEED TO KNOW ABOUT THESE PROBLEMS IMMEDIATELY:

These are the complications that will require a change in your post-operative care!

Hematoma (blood collecting under your incisions) can occur within a few days of surgery. The warning signs are:

- Significant swelling
- Excessive or growing bruising

Infection is rare. It is normal to have a very small amount of drainage from your incisions for one to 2 days. Signs of infection are:

- Increased temperature
- Increasing drainage from the incisions
- Increasing redness around the incisions

Leg swelling with or without associated pain may indicate a problem with the vein circulation in your leg(s). Although some swelling is to be expected due to your surgery, intravenous fluids given to you during the surgery and your decreased level of activity, this swelling is normally mild, painless and affects both legs evenly. If you have a large amount of leg swelling (either one or both legs) or if you experience pain in your legs contact the office immediately.

Breathing problems after surgery are rare but can be a serious complication. If you develop any chest and/or back pain or the feeling of being short of breath you must contact my office or be seen in the nearest emergency medical facility without delay.

Medication reactions may occur with the drugs prescribed for you. If you develop a skin rash, itching, vomiting, or diarrhea, stop taking your medication and contact my office.